

U.S. MAY 1987

OIL AND OTHER HAZARDOUS MATERIAL SPILL CONTINGENCY PLAN

FOR

MARINE CORPS BASE, CAMP LEJEUNE, NORTH CAROLINA  
MARINE CORPS AIR STATION (HELICOPTER), NEW RIVER, JACKSONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA  
MARINE CORPS HELICOPTER OUTLYING FIELD, OAK GROVE, JONES COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

PREPARED

OCTOBER 1980

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1. Reporting Spills of Oil and Other Hazardous Substances

a. Materials Classification - The following products are examples of oil compounds or hazardous substances which must be reported if spilled on the ground or water in any amount:

Lube Oils	JP-4 & JP-5 Fuels	Paint Thinner	No. 5 Fuel Oil
Gasoline	Hydraulic Fluid	Organic Solvents	
Kerosene	Acids	Cleaning Solutions	
Lube Grease	No. 2 Fuel Oil	Poisonous Chemicals	

b. Reporting Procedures - All spills of oil or hazardous materials shall be reported immediately to the Base Fire Department Phone 3333 (on base) or 451-3333 (off base). The report shall include location (Building Number) of spill, substance spilled and the approximate amount. All spills occurring at Marine Corps Air Station (Helicopter), New River will also be reported to the Station S-4 (455-6068 - 455-6518) during normal working hours and to the Station Officer of the Day after normal working hours (455-6111).

c. Posting of Oil Spill Procedure - Signs shall be posted in every building, tank location and field service location where oil or hazardous materials are used. The sign shall have a yellow background with black lettering indicating the following information:

IN CASE OF AN OIL OR HAZARDOUS MATERIAL SPILL  
CALL BASE FIRE DEPARTMENT  
ON BASE 3333/OFF BASE 451-3333  
NOTIFY YOUR COMMANDER/SUPERVISOR IMMEDIATELY

d. Initial Containment Procedure - Remain in area - - - Do Not Wash Down With Water - - - Keep Personnel Out of the Area - - - Block Runoff with Earth Materials to Prevent Spreading, when possible.

2. Response to Spill

a. Fire Department - Fire Department shall dispatch a regular fire fighting unit to the scene of a reported spill. The Base Fire Chief or his senior representative shall report to the scene as soon as possible. Dispatcher will immediately notify the Base Fire Chief or his senior representative who will perform the following duties:

- (1) Assume the role of On-Scene Coordinator (OSC).
- (2) Take all necessary immediate steps to contain the spill, eliminate any fire hazards and protect all personnel from exposure and request the assistance of the Base Safety Officer, if required (See page 4, Enclosure (2)).
- (3) Notify the Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs Director (Telephone 5003) of the spill location and the nature and quantity of spilled materials.
- (4) Evaluate the spill situation and request necessary logistical support from the Base Maintenance Officer to contain the spill and facilitate the cleanup and recovery of the spilled materials.
- (5) OSC duties shall transfer to the Director, Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs upon his arrival at the scene. (See page 4, Enclosure (2) for Personnel and Public Safety Coordination).

## b. Base Maintenance Officer

- (1) Base Maintenance Officer shall maintain the inventory of materials and equipment as established in Appendix A of enclosure (2).
- (2) Base Maintenance personnel shall respond immediately to the request of the OSC with men and equipment requested.
  - (a) Direct supervision shall be from the OSC.
  - (b) Maintenance personnel shall remain at the spill scene until authorized to depart by the OSC.

## c. Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs Division

- (1) The Director or his authorized representative shall proceed to the scene and assume the duties of the OSC. The duties shall include the following categories:
  - (a) Direct all containment and cleanup activities.
  - (b) Report oil spills that discharge into the inland waters or coastal waters to the following: Base Maintenance Officer; Assistant Chief of Staff, Facilities, Marine Corps Base; Marine Safety Officer, U. S. Coast Guard, Wilmington, North Carolina and the Environmental Regulatory Agencies, as required.
  - (c) Request U. S. Coast Guard assistance for spills into waters that cannot be contained promptly by joint efforts of the Fire Department and Base Maintenance crews.

(2) The Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs Division Director or his representative shall remain at the scene of the spill until all contaminant is properly contained and the danger of oil contamination of waterways is eliminated.

(3) At the conclusion of all cleanup operations, the official report submitted to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Region IV, shall be prepared in accordance with requirements of Federal Water Pollution Control Act and EPA regulations in effect at the time. The report shall be transmitted to EPA through the directives of the Commanding General.

### 3. Spill Containment and Cleanup

#### a. Small Spills (less than one gallon)

(1) Cause: Gasoline or fuel oil spills at fueling locations occur by overfilling or blow back from the tank receiving the fuel.

(2) Reporting: This type of spill requires reporting to the Office of Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs (Phone 1-919-451-5003). The fuel spill must be promptly cleaned up by the person at the scene.

#### (3) Containment Procedures:

(a) DO NOT FLUSH INTO STORM SEWER OR DRAINAGE DITCH.

(b) Cover entire spill with sand or absorbent material from storage bin or container. Add material as liquid appears in the surface of the sand or absorbent material.

(c) Cleanup contaminated sand or absorbent material with broom and shovel placing it in a container (metal) for disposal or possible reuse. The container shall be labeled "Waste Oil Refuse".

(d) If storage bin of sand or absorbent material is less than one-half full after using, call Base Maintenance Department (3001) to inform them of the location needing additional material.

(e) Reapply a second coat of sand or absorbent material in a very light layer to assure all gasoline or fuel oils have been blotted up. Brush material back and forth over the area and then sweep up completely. This material can be replaced in the fresh storage bin rather than depositing it in the "Waste Oil Refuse" container.

#### b. Spills on Concrete Aprons (more than one gallon)

(1) Reporting: Call Base Fire Department

#### (2) Containment Procedures:

(a) DO NOT FLUSH INTO STORM SEWER OR DRAINAGE DITCH.

(b) The person on-site shall erect a two-to-three inch high sand or earth dam on the concrete or at the edge of the concrete below (downstream) the direction that the spill is flowing. This is the first step in containment.

(c) Apply sand or absorbent materials that are available around the perimeter of the spill until the Fire Department arrives. Keep other personnel away from the area.

(d) Fire Department shall continue abatement methods using equipment available until the Director of Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs Division or his representative arrives to determine further containment and cleanup requirements.

(e) Base Maintenance personnel shall install dams, straw barriers, pumping equipment and other abatement or cleanup equipment as directed by the OSC.

#### c. Spills on Ground (more than one gallon)

(1) Reporting: Call Base Fire Department

#### (2) Containment Procedures:

(a) DO NOT FLUSH INTO STORM SEWER OR DRAINAGE DITCH.

(b) The person on-site shall erect a minimum three-inch high sand or earth dam below (downstream) the direction that the spill is flowing. The dam should be made higher if the liquid pool behind the temporary dam rises to within two inches of the top. A trench or sump may be used in lieu of a dam. This is the first step in containment that must be taken promptly to prevent spreading into surface waters.

(c) Apply sand or absorbent materials that are available around the perimeter of the spill until the Fire Department arrives. Keep other personnel away from the area.

(d) Fire Department shall continue abatement methods using equipment available until the Director of Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs Division or his representative arrives to determine further containment and cleanup requirements.

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(e) Base Maintenance personnel shall install dams, straw barriers, absorbents, pumping equipment and other abatement or cleanup equipment as directed by the OSC.

d. Spills Entering Storm Drainage System

(1) Reporting: Call Base Fire Department and emphasize that the liquid has entered a catch basin, manhole, drainage ditch, or any structure (pit) below ground.

(2) Containment Procedures:

(a) DO NOT ADD WATER TO FLUSH OUT STORM SEWER OR STRUCTURE.

(b) The person on-site shall attempt to erect a sand or earth dam around or cover with polyethylene or other plastic materials the manhole or catch basin to prevent further entrance of liquid into the structure. This is the first step in containment that must be taken promptly to minimize the quantity of liquid that will be discharged into surface waters.

(c) The person on-site shall apply sand or absorbent materials that may be available around the perimeter of the spill and at the manhole or catch basin until the Fire Department arrives.

(d) Base Maintenance personnel shall place oil booms across storm drains to prevent further discharge. Public Works Department will develop maps of drainage systems required for siting booms. After spill is contained, cleanup will be initiated. Action may include the following:

1 Inspect downstream manholes for evidence of oil progression toward discharge. If storm system has a very low flow, install straw barrier or absorption dam inside manhole.

2 Where practical, install plug in upstream side of manhole, to contain in the pipe system.

3 If the drainage system has an open ditch, install straw bale dams or absorption dam to collect spilled materials.

4 Isolate streets with contaminated manhole to prevent fires or explosions.

(e) The Director, Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs Division, or his representative shall determine further containment and cleanup requirements after arriving on the scene.

(f) Base Maintenance personnel shall install dams, straw barriers, absorbents, pumping equipment and other abatement and cleanup equipment as directed by the OSC.

e. Spills Entering Surface Waters

(1) Reporting: Call Base Fire Department and emphasize that the liquid was discharged directly into the surface waters.

(2) Containment Procedure:

(a) Person at the site should check the source of discharge to be assured that no further discharge can occur. Close valves, remove hose, or isolate the source from causing any further release of materials.

(b) Do not allow boats or equipment to enter the surface waters where the spill has occurred. surface type oil absorbents are available, begin spreading this material wherever an oil skim is observed. Do not enter the water to apply this material until the Fire Department arrives.

(c) Fire Department shall continue abatement methods using equipment available until the Director of Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs Division, or his representative arrives to determine further containment and cleanup requirements.

(d) Base Maintenance personnel shall install booms, skimmers, pumps and other abatement or cleanup equipment as directed by the OSC.

4. Responsibilities for Ensuring Personnel and Public Safety

a. Overall responsibility for ensuring the safety of personnel involved in the containment and cleanup of hazardous material spill is assigned to the Base Fire Chief or his senior representative. The Base Fire Chief representative shall continue to monitor the situation and will provide required standby personnel and equipment. The Base Fire Chief representative will request the assistance of the Base Safety Officer as needed. The Base Fire Chief representative shall keep the OSC informed of any safety considerations affecting the containment and cleanup of the spill. In the event of imminent hazard to personnel involved in the spill cleanup or to the public, Base Fire Chief representative shall take appropriate action. The OSC shall assist the Base Fire Chief representative implement safety procedures required.

b. Base Safety shall dispatch a safety representative to the spill scene upon request from the Base Fire Chief representative. The Base Safety representative will remain at the scene until advised by the Base Fire Chief representative that assistance is no longer required. Base Safety representative will monitor all activity at or near the spill and make appropriate recommendations to the Base Fire Chief representative.

MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT FOR OIL SPILL  
CONTAINMENT AND COUNTERMEASURE

<u>Item No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Quantity</u>
1.	Gasoline engine driven (portable) trailer mounted diaphragm pump with sectional suction and discharge hose - minimum capacity 25 gallons per minute.	2
2.	Sectional aluminum oil boom	
3.	Inflatable oil barrier, Whittaker Expand self-inflating	300 L. F.
4.	Collapsible bag for field filling of collected oil-250 gallon capacity	2
5.	Oil skimmer (portable) type for water floating oil pick-up	1
6.	Baled hay or straw with wire or nylon baling (located at strategic areas)	200 Bales
7.	Steel fence stakes (6 feet long)	50 each
8.	Woven wire mesh (chicken wire) 3ft. width 4ft. width	200 L.F. 100 L.F.
9.	Sledge hammer - 10 lb. 5 lb. 2½ lb.	3 5 5
10.	Shovels - Long handle round point Long handle flat blade Short handle round point Short handle flat point	5 5 5 5
11.	Oil Absorbent Compound - for water spill clean up	2000 lbs.
12.	Oil Absorbent Compound for ground spill clean up - Randustrial P-218 Oil Absorbent (55-gallon drum)	25 drums
13.	Nylon rope - ½" diameter ¾" diameter 3/4" diameter	200 L.F. 400 L.F. 400 L.F.
14.	Oil Sorbent Material - 3M, Conwed or Grefco	500 lb.

